六盘山克里姬蜂种类及一新种记述 (膜翅目, 姬蜂科)

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摘要 报道采自宁夏六盘山的克里姬蜂属 Kristotomus Mas on, 1962 的 3 个种, 宁夏克里姬蜂 Kristotomus ningxiaensis sp. nov.、角克里姬蜂 Kristotomus triangulatorius (Gravenhorst, 1829) 和笑克里姬蜂 Kristotomus ridi lundus (Gravenhorst, 1829)。模式标本保存在国家林业局森林病虫害防治总站。 关键词 膜翅目,姬蜂科,克里姬蜂属,新种.

克里姬蜂属 Kristotomus Mason, 1962 隶属膜翅目 Hymenoptera 姬蜂科 Ichneumonidae 柄卵 姬蜂亚科 Tryphoninae 外姬蜂族 Exenterini。分布于古北区和东洋区。迄今为止,全世界已知 39 种,中国已知 23 种(Sheng and Sun, 2002; Yu and Horstmann, 1997)。Gupta(1990)对世界已知种类进行了厘订并报道中国 13 新种。作者也曾于 2002 年对中国的种类进行了报道(Sheng and Sun, 2002)。2005 年,作者对宁夏六盘山进行了天敌昆虫考察,在标本的鉴定过程中,发现本属 3 种,其中有 1 新种。模式标本保存在国家林业局森林病虫害防治总站。

宁夏克里姬蜂,新种 Kristotomus ningxia ensis sp. nov. (图 1~4)

章 体长 7.0~ 9.0 mm; 前翅长 6.0~ 8.0 mm。 颜面宽约为长的 2.0 倍,光亮,具细刻点(图 2);中央隆起,刻点相对较稀。唇基具较稀的细刻 点,端缘稍向前隆起,端缘中段几乎直(平截)。上 颚具稀疏的刻点,下端齿宽阔,明显长于上端齿。 颊区具细革质粒状表面。颚眼距约为上颚基部宽的 0.6 倍。上颊光滑光亮,具非常细的刻点。头顶几乎 光亮,两侧具稠密的细刻点,后部(单眼区与后头 脊之间)稍粗糙,无明显的刻点。单眼区稍隆起;侧单眼间距约为单复眼间距的 0.4 倍。额光滑光亮, 具稠密的细刻点。触角细长,鞭节 30~ 33 节,第1 ~5鞭节之比依次为 40:27.24 22 20,其余各节逐渐 变短。口后脊在与后头脊的联接处明显抬高,此处 的高约为后者的 2 倍。后头脊完整。

前胸背板前部具较稀的细刻点,后部具稠密的细刻点,侧凹内粗糙,具不规则的短皱。前沟缘脊强壮。中胸盾片前部刻点非常弱且不清晰、后部具

非常清晰稠密的细刻点。盾纵沟清晰,几乎伸达中 胸盾片的中部。小盾片稍隆起,侧脊长为小盾片长 的 1/4~ 1/2, 基部具稀且不明显的刻点, 端部光滑。 后小盾片横形, 光滑, 背面几乎平。中胸侧板下半 部具稠密的细刻点: 上半部稍抬高: 镜面区及其前 部光亮,无刻点;近翅基下脊处具非常细弱的刻点。 后胸侧板粗糙。翅稍带褐色透明,小脉与基脉相对 或位于基脉的稍外侧, 外小脉在中央稍下方曲折; 小翅室近似三角形 (斜四边形), 上方尖或具短柄, 脉位于它的下外角的稍内侧。后小脉明显内 斜,约在下方 1/5~ 1/4 处曲折。足正常,后足跗节 第 1~ 5 节之比依次为 72: 34 24: 13 18; 爪的基半部 具稠密的栉齿 (图 3)。并胸腹节基侧区光滑, 无刻 点或刻点非常不明显: 中段稍粗糙, 具不清晰的纵 皱:端区光滑,或具非常弱的纵皱;分区明显;中 纵脊中段较弱:并胸腹节气门圆形.稍突起。

腹部背板几乎光滑,无明显的刻点;第1节背板长约为端宽的1.6倍,具弱且不规则的短细皱,后缘光滑;气门小,圆形,稍隆起;无背中脊,或仅基端存在,背侧脊伸抵气门处。第2节背板长约为端宽的0.8倍,基部具横条形窗疤,无基斜沟。下生殖板端部中央尖,侧观呈三角形。产卵器鞘见图4。产卵器端部稍向下弯曲(图4)。

体黑色;下列部分除外,唇基 (两侧缘黑色), 颜面眼眶内侧的条斑黄色;上颚 (端齿除外),颊区 的斑,下颚须,下唇须,小盾片,后小盾片,前、 中足基节和转节,腹部背板的侧缘 (第1节除外) 及后缘乳黄色;触角鞭节,前胸背板后角,前、中 足,后足转节及胫节和跗节,腹部第7~8节背板, 翅脉 (部分暗褐色),翅基片黄褐色;翅痣暗褐色 (基部色淡);爪深褐色。



图 1~ 4 宁夏克里姬蜂, 新种 Kristatomus ningxiaensis sp. nov. 图 5~ 6 笑克里姬蜂 Kristotomus ridibundus (Gravenhorst, 1829)

1. 整体侧面观 (body, lateral view) 2 颜面 (face) 3, 6. 爪 (claw) 4, 5. 产卵器 (ovipositor)

正模 \(\frac{1}{2}\),宁夏六盘山,2005-09-29,盛茂领、孙淑萍采;副模:宁夏六盘山,8 \(\frac{1}{2}\),分 & 宁夏六盘山,2005-08-25~09-29,盛茂领、孙淑萍采。

词源: 新种名根据采集地点而命名。

新种与笑克里姬蜂 *K. nidibundus* (Gravenhorst, 1829) 近似,可通过下面的特征区别。新种: 口后脊在与后头脊的相接处明显高于后者,高约为后者的 2 倍; 腹部第 1 节长约为端宽的 1.6 倍; 第 2 节背板无基斜沟; 颜面黑色,仅两侧具黄斑; 后足基节黑色,无黄斑; 爪的基半部具栉齿 (图 3); 产卵器仅端部相对弱的向下弯曲 (图 4)。笑克里姬蜂: 口后脊与后头脊几乎等高; 腹部第 1 节长约为端宽的 2.0 倍; 第 2 节背板具基斜沟; 颜面全部黄色; 后足基节红褐色,具黄斑; 爪的基部 ¾ 4 具栉齿 (图 6); 产卵器强度向下弯曲 (图 5)。

笑克里姬蜂 Kristotomus ridibundus (**Gravenhorst**, **1829**) (图 5~ 6)

Tryphon ridibundus Gravenhorst, 1829. Idneumonologia Europaea, 2: 188. Kristotomus ridibundus: Mason, 1962. The Canadian Entonologist, 94: 1274.

观察标本: 6♀♀,5 ₺ ₺, 宁夏六盘山, 2005-08-04~ 09-22, 盛茂领、孙淑萍采。

角克里姬蜂 Kristotomus triangulatorius (**Gravenhorst**, 1829)

Tryphon triangulatorius Gravenhorst, 1829. Idneumonologia Europaea, 2: 205. Kristotomus triangulatorius: Mason, 1962. The Canadian Entamologist, 94: 1774.

观察标本: 2♀♀, 1 & 宁夏六盘山, 2005-06-09~ 16, 盛茂领、孙淑萍采。

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KRISTOTOMUS MASON FROM LIUPAN MOUNTAINS (HYMENOPTERA, ICHNEUMONIDAE) WITH DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES

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Abstract Three species of the genus Kristotomus Mason, 1962, collected from Liupan Mountains, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, were reported. One of them, Kristotomus ningxiaensis sp. nov., is new to science. K. ridibandus (Gravenhorst, 1829) and K. triangulatorius (Gravenhorst, 1829) are the first records in Ningxia. All specimens are deposited in the General Station of Forest Pest Management, State Forestry Administration, Shenyang, China.

Kristotomus ningxiaensis sp. nov. (Figs. 1-4)

This species is similar to *Kristotomus ridibundus* (Gravenhorst, 1829) but can be distinguished from the latter by its hypostomal carina, at its junction with occipital carina, about 2 times as high as occipital carina; first tergite about 1.6 times as long as its apical width; second tergite without basal oblique impressions; face black, lateral side with a yellow fleck; hind coxa entirely black; basal half of claw with dense pectination (Fig. 3);

and apical portion of ovipositor weakly arched downward (${\rm Fig.\,4}$) .

Holotype \$\partial \text{, Liupan Mountains, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, 29 Sep. 2005, SHENG Mac Ling and SUN Shur Ping. Paratypes: $8 \partial \partial \text{, 3 } \dagger \dagger, Liupan Mountains, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, 25 Aug. to 29 Sept. , 2005, SHENG Mac Ling and SUN Shur Ping.$

Etymology. The name of the new species is based on the collected place.

Kristotomus ridibundus (**Gravenhorst**, **1829**) (Figs. 5-6)

Tryphon ridibundus Gravenhorst, 1829 Idmamonologia Europaea, 2: 188. Kristotomus ridibundus: Mason, 1962. The Canadian Entomologist, 94: 1274.

Specimens examined. 6 % % , 5 % %, Liupan Mountains, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, 4 Aug. to 22 Sep. 2005, SHENG Mao Ling and SUN Shur Ping.

Kristotomus triangulatorius (**Gravenhorst, 1829**)
Tryphon triangulatorius Gravenhorst, 1829 Idmeumonologia Europaea, 2: 205.
Kristotomus triangulatorius: Mason, 1962. The Canadian Entomologist, 94: 1274

Key words Hymenoptera, Ichneumonidae, Kristotomus, new species.